The Rise of Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts: Data from the 2002 Economic Census Survey of Business Owners

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The Rise of Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts
Data from the 2002 Economic Census Survey of Business Owners

Prepared for
The Immigrant Learning Center, Inc.

By
Paul Watanabe, PhD and Michael Liu, PhD
Institute for Asian American Studies
at
The University of Massachusetts Boston

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Preface

In 2003, The Immigrant Learning Center, Inc. (ILC) launched a public education initiative to raise the visibility of immigrants as assets to America. Spurred by certain anti-immigrant sentiments that were increasingly voiced since September 11, The ILC set forth to credibly document current economic and social contributions of immigrants.

Central to this effort are ILC sponsored research studies about immigrants as entrepreneurs, customers and workers. To provide thoughtful and substantive evidence that immigrants are vital contributors to our nation, The ILC commissioned university researchers to examine contributions of immigrants in their various roles and present those contributions within larger economic and social frameworks. The research approach included interviewing immigrants and community informants and gathering relevant statistical data.

To date, five studies have been undertaken. “Immigrant Entrepreneurs and Neighborhood Revitalization” and “Immigrant Homebuyers in Lawrence and Lowell, Massachusetts: Keys to the Revitalization of the Cities” were published in December 2005. “The Rise of Asian-Owned Businesses” is the subject of this report. “Immigrant Entrepreneurs in the Massachusetts Biotechnology Industry” is a companion study to the Asian-owned business study. A fifth study is underway about “Immigrant Workers in the Massachusetts Health Care Industry” and will be ready fall 2007. Research team members were drawn from Boston University, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Tufts University and the University of Massachusetts Boston.

Collectively, these studies have reinforcing commonalities. They highlight unnoticed contributions of immigrants to the economic development of communities. They identify immigrant businesses as engines for economic growth in vital business sectors such as biotechnology and health care. Overall, immigrants are shown to be critical to the growth and development of Massachusetts.

The ILC hopes that these studies will raise the visibility of immigrants as contributors to our nation’s economic and social development. We also hope they will inform policy and promote thoughtful dialogue about key roles played by immigrants in Massachusetts communities and in the overall economic development of the Commonwealth.

Diane Portnoy, Co-Founder and Director
The Immigrant Learning Center, Inc.

Marcia Drew Hohn, Director of Public Education
The Immigrant Learning Center, Inc.

June 2007
About the Institute for Asian American Studies (IAAS) at The University of Massachusetts Boston and Author Biographies

The IAAS serves as a center for research and policy analysis that informs policy makers, service providers, scholars, community groups and the media about a comprehensive range of issues affecting Asian Americans in Massachusetts and across the country. IAAS also aims to strengthen the community development and political capacity of Asian Americans. The Institute produces numerous demographic studies of Asian Americans down to the municipal level and including profiles of specific Asian ethnic groups. In addition, the Institute conducts research on Asian American political behavior with studies on voter registration, political attitudes and political contributions. The IAAS’ emphasis on critical public policy issues has led recently to the publication of studies on low-income Asian Americans in Massachusetts and on the challenges of housing affordability in the Commonwealth. The IAAS coordinates a network of Asian American scholars focused on research on Asian Americans in New England.

Dr. Paul Watanabe is Director of the Institute for Asian American Studies and Associate Professor of Political Science at the University of Massachusetts Boston. His principal research and teaching interests are in the areas of American political behavior, ethnic group politics, Asian Americans and American foreign policy. He is the author of Ethnic Groups, Congress, and American Foreign Policy and principal author of A Dream Deferred: Changing Demographics, New Opportunities, and Challenges for Boston. His articles have appeared in Amerasia Journal; Asian American Policy Review; Business in the Contemporary World; New England Journal of Public Policy; Political Psychology; PS: Political Science and Politics, Public Perspective; and World Today. He received his PhD in Political Science from Harvard University.

At the Institute for Asian American Studies at the University of Massachusetts Boston, Dr. Michael Liu serves as Research Associate and Community Programs Coordinator. He received his PhD in Public Policy from UMass Boston and Masters degrees from Northeastern University and the University of Massachusetts Amherst. He has co-authored several IAAS studies and reports and several papers on political organizing and Boston Chinatown’s neighborhood mobilization. He is currently completing a book on the history of Asian American activism.
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Executive Summary

Asian-owned businesses are following a very rapid growth trajectory in Massachusetts. In fact, Asian-owned firms increased by 44 percent in Massachusetts from 1997 to 2002. This growth is nearly double the national gain of 24 percent for all Asian-owned firms in the United States. Moreover, during the same time period, the number of all firms in the state expanded by only five percent. Similar comparisons can be made when looking at sales and receipts and number of paid employees. From 1997-2002, Asian-owned businesses in Massachusetts experienced an increase in sales and receipts of 20 percent. This was over three times greater than the increase for all firms in the Commonwealth. The growth in the number of paid employees in Asian-owned firms was also three times greater than the six percent increase for all firms in Massachusetts.

Asian-owned businesses are located throughout the state. The top ten locales for Asian-owned businesses are bracketed by Boston in first place and Malden in the tenth slot. Boston is home to nearly three thousand Asian-owned firms and Malden is home to 385 such firms.

Whether as publishers, developers of healing and wellness centers or as hair salon owners, Asian Americans in these businesses, and in countless other entrepreneurial pursuits, are changing the face of business ownership in the Bay State. Utilizing standard industry classifications, Asian-owned businesses are active in a wide range of industries. At the same time, significant concentrations are found in certain industries. In particular, there are five industries in which Asian-owned businesses number about two thousand or more in each.

Finally, the diversity of Massachusetts’ Asian American population is reflected in the Asian ethnic groups represented among Asian-owned enterprises. Chinese, the largest Asian ethnic subgroup in the state, hold the top spots in the number of Asian-owned businesses and their number of paid employees. However, when it comes to sales and receipts, Indian-owned businesses are in the lead. These businesses also produce the largest annual payroll. Growth rates indicate additional interesting patterns. The increases in the number of Vietnamese-owned businesses and in their sales and receipts have outpaced those of other Asian ethnic groups by a considerable extent. Filipino-owned firms demonstrate the largest growth in annual payroll.

While still modest in terms of their share of all of Massachusetts firms and in overall sales, receipts and employees, Asian-owned businesses are on the rise. They are, and will continue to be, a vital economic asset for the state.
Introduction

Ever since the signing of Japanese baseball star Daisuke Matsuzaka by the Boston Red Sox in December 2006, the New England area has been in a frenzy. Where to get tickets and Daisuke tee-shirts are major preoccupations. More generally, where to find restaurants, groceries, clothing stores and even tea houses where eager patrons can taste, wear or simply savor all things Japanese are obsessions for many. While satisfying these hungers may seem difficult for the average person, the news media and other engines of information quickly discovered that businesses catering to Japanese as well as a variety of Asian interests can be found throughout Massachusetts. These enterprises manifest a large and dynamic phenomenon: Asian-owned businesses that in their totality eclipse even Matsuzaka’s prolific economic imprint by several times.

This report profiles Asian-owned businesses in Massachusetts. In the profile, we see that the number of these businesses and their sales and receipts are substantial and, most importantly, rapidly expanding. These companies employ a significant number of workers which adds considerably to their payrolls. They are varied in size and area of activity. While some assuredly appeal to and serve an expanding Asian American clientele, others are involved in more mainstream pursuits with broad customer bases. Furthermore, Asian-owned businesses are engaged in a variety of industries, but at the same time many are concentrated more heavily in particular sectors.

Overall, the development of these businesses is a further reflection of the dramatic expansion of the Asian American community in the United States and in Massachusetts, largely occurring through immigration. The Asian American population in Massachusetts is 72 percent foreign-born, which is far more than any other racial group. For this reason, it is reasonable to assume that Asian-owned overwhelmingly means immigrant-owned as well. Furthermore, “the relationship between overall small business growth and immigrant entrepreneurship,” is, according to sociologists Ivan Light and Edna Bonacich, “contemporaneous and compatible.” An inquiry into the dynamics of Asian American businesses in Massachusetts is part of the larger story of immigrant entrepreneurship. “Ethnic entrepreneurship, in general, and Asian American entrepreneurship, in particular, are not new phenomena,” Timothy Fong observes. “Certain ethnic groups in the United States have historically shown a noticeable propensity toward self-employment.”

The data for this report, unless otherwise specified, are from the U.S. Census Bureau’s 2002 Economic Census Survey of Business Owners (SBO). This survey is undertaken every five years and focuses on minority and women-owned businesses. The information from the 2002 economic census was released in 2006.
Brief Overview of Asian-Owned Businesses in the United States

In order to gain some perspective on Asian-owned businesses in Massachusetts, we include national data on a few key dimensions. There are 1,103,587 Asian-owned firms in the United States, constituting 4.9 percent of all classifiable firms. This number represents a 24 percent change from 1997 and an even more dramatic increase of 86 percent since 1992. Asian-owned businesses generate sales and receipts of $326,663,445,000 which is 3.7 percent of the total for all firms. The growth in sales and receipts for Asian-owned firms since 1997 is 8 percent.

The number of Asian-owned businesses per capita is the highest for any minority group and also exceeds the per capita figure for the total population. For example, there are .95 Asian-owned businesses per capita for Asian Americans or, stated another way, one Asian-owned business for every ten Asian Americans. The figure for the total population is .85 or about one business for every twelve people in the United States.

Asian-owned firms have 2,213,948 paid employees and a total annual payroll of $56,044,960,000. These firms account for 2 percent of all paid employees and 1.5 percent of total annual payroll nationally.

Among specific Asian ethnic groups, Chinese have the largest number of firms and Asian Indians are a close second. Koreans, Vietnamese, Filipinos and Japanese follow in that order. Chinese businesses also have the largest sales and receipts and paid employees. Asian Indian firms are second to Chinese-owned businesses in sales and receipts and paid employees and lead the other Asian groups in annual payroll.

The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) used for economic reporting by the U.S. Census Bureau shows that Asian-owned businesses at the national level are most prevalent in the “other services” category. Other industries with more than 100,000 Asian-owned firms are “professional, scientific and technical services,” “retail trade,” “health care and social assistance” and “accommodation and food services.”

Asian-owned firms in “wholesale trade” have the highest total sales and receipts followed by “retail trade.” Among Asian-owned firms, the “accommodation and food services” industry utilizes the most paid employees by a substantial margin.

Asian-owned businesses are found in every corner of the United States. Unsurprisingly, California is home to the largest number of these firms. New York and then Texas have the second and third largest number of Asian-owned businesses. At the other end of the spectrum, North Dakota has the fewest Asian-owned businesses with its neighbor South Dakota with the next fewest. Leading the percentage growth are Nevada with 83 percent more Asian-owned businesses and North Carolina with a 73 percent increase, both within the five-year period 1997-2002. On the other hand, New Mexico experienced a 1 percent decline in these businesses in the same period.

Massachusetts ranks thirteenth among the states in the number of Asian-owned firms, fifteenth in their sales and receipts, tenth in the number of Asian-owned firms added since 1997 and tied for eighth in the percentage growth since 1997. The Boston-Worcester-Manchester, MA-NH Consolidated Statistical Area ranks eleventh in the country for number of Asian-owned businesses.
B.J. Wang
E. Shan Tang Herbs, Inc. & Asian Healing Arts Center

In 1982, B.J. Wang came to the United States searching for garlic. He was a young buyer for an import-export business in Japan and an expert on plants and herbs after having trained in his family’s herbal remedy store in Korea. However, in the midst of his garlic expedition, he found a new calling; sushi. Deciding not to return to Japan, he began training as a sushi chef in California, a career that would take him to Chicago and eventually to Boston. Attracted by the ethnic enclave of Boston’s Allston Village, Wang found a job at a sushi restaurant on Harvard Avenue in the heart of the neighborhood.

A few years later, Wang’s father came to live with him after selling the family business in Korea. “He was so bored at my house,” recalls Wang, “I would leave every day for the restaurant and he would have nothing to do. He asked me if I would start an herbal shop with him to give him something to occupy his time.”

Wang agreed and found a space near the restaurant; one that would allow him to manage the new business and continue working at the restaurant. The first few years were hard, juggling two jobs and trying to build the business. But as customer volume grew, he was able to discontinue the restaurant job and devote himself to the next generation of his family’s business.

Eighteen years later, people from all parts of the country come to Allston Village to shop in E. Shan Tang Herbs, Inc. and the store’s internet business is thriving. His mother took over the original store and Wang created another herb shop and merged it with the Asian Healing Arts Center started nearby in 2005. Here people flock for classes in Chi Gong and the Ton Ren Healing-Guinea Pig Class that each meet twice a week. The classes are free and offered as additional avenues for healing. The center also offers acupuncture and acupressure with trained therapists. Wang notes that many of the individuals seeking help from herbs, classes and other services are suffering from cancer and may be referred by doctors.

The main business continues to be herbal and Wang sees as many as 30 people a day in addition to filling prescription orders for 40 to 50 doctors around the country. “I see all kinds of people; white, black, yellow, brown. We all speak broken English to each other,” says Wang. “My philosophy is to treat each customer like a god. If you are good to people and love them, they feel better faster.” Wang says he can’t take on more new patients. The center is already open seven days a week with extended hours on two days. He often works the full seven days and at least six days. “I hope to be able to take two days off sometime but all my regulars have become my friends and I need to take care of them.”

PROFILE OF AN ASIAN-OWNED BUSINESS: B.J. WANG
Asian-Owned Firms in Massachusetts: Total Number

Massachusetts is the home to 18,081 Asian-owned businesses which account for 3.3 percent of all classified firms in the state (Table 1). In comparison, the number of Massachusetts residents who designated Asian alone or in combination with some other race or races was 4.2 percent of the state’s total population in the 2000 census. These businesses represent 1.6 percent of all Asian-owned firms in the United States.

In 1997, there were 12,598 Asian-owned businesses in Massachusetts which means that the number of Asian-owned firms grew by an astounding 44 percent from 1997-2002. During the same period, the number of all firms in Massachusetts increased by just 5 percent (Chart 1). The proliferation of Asian-owned firms in Massachusetts in the decade between 1992 and 2002 was even more astounding with an increase of 158 percent.

Location

The list of the ten Massachusetts cities and towns with the largest number of Asian-owned businesses is headed by Boston, Quincy and Cambridge (Table 2 and Chart 2). However, an indication that Asian-owned businesses are spread throughout Massachusetts is that these top ten cities and towns account for less than one-half of all Asian-owned firms in the state.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City or town</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent of total MA Asian-owned businesses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boston</td>
<td>2,764</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quincy</td>
<td>783</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambridge</td>
<td>747</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowell</td>
<td>743</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Newton</td>
<td>636</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worcester</td>
<td>576</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brookline</td>
<td>405</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sharon</td>
<td>390</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somerville</td>
<td>387</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malden</td>
<td>385</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chart 1

Number and Sales and Receipts: Percent Change 1997-2002

Chart 2

Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts by Locale
Sales and Receipts

Asian-owned firms in Massachusetts total $5,020,000,000 in sales and receipts (Table 1). These firms represent 1.5 percent of sales and receipts for all Asian-owned businesses in the United States. From 1997-2002, the state’s Asian-owned firms increased their sales and receipts by 20 percent (Chart 1). This compares to an increase for all Massachusetts firms of 6 percent.

Paid Employees and Annual Payroll

Thirty percent (5,358) of the Asian-owned firms in Massachusetts have paid employees (Table 1). These firms employ a total of 37,193 workers for an average of 6.9 paid employees per firm with paid employees (Table 1). These workers represent 2.7 percent of all employees in Massachusetts that are employed in classifiable firms with paid employees. From 1997-2002, paid employees in Asian-owned firms with paid employees grew by 17.8 percent (Chart 3). For all firms with paid employees in Massachusetts the number of employees increased by 5.9 percent.

Asian-owned firms with paid employees had a total annual payroll of $1,208,288,000 which is 1 percent of the total annual payroll of all firms with paid employees in Massachusetts (Table 1). The growth in annual payroll for Asian-owned firms from 1997-2002 is 36.6 percent (Chart 3). For all firms in Massachusetts with paid employees, the increase in annual payroll was 31.9 percent.

Industries

Number: The top five industries in which Massachusetts Asian-owned businesses are engaged include professional, scientific and technical services; other services; retail trade; accommodation and food services; and health care and social assistance (Table 3). Well over one-half of all Asian-owned firms in the state operate in these industries (Table 3). The Asian-owned businesses’ share of a Massachusetts industry is greatest in accommodation and food services where one in ten of these businesses are Asian-owned (Table 3).

Sales and receipts: In terms of sales and receipts, the five industries in which Massachusetts Asian-owned businesses have the highest revenues are retail trade; professional, scientific and technical services; accommodation and food services; wholesale trade; and manufacturing (Table 4). More than 75 percent of the total sales and receipts of Asian-owned firms are in these five industries (Table 4). The sales and receipts of Asian-owned accommodation and food services businesses represent 6 percent of the total for that industry in Massachusetts (Table 4).
Table 4
Five Industries with the Highest Sales and Receipts for Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Sales and receipts</th>
<th>Percent of total MA Asian-owned businesses</th>
<th>Percent of MA industry total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Retail trade</td>
<td>$ 1.0 billion</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional, scientific and technical services</td>
<td>$ 891.3 million</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation and food Services</td>
<td>$ 785.3 million</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesale trade</td>
<td>$ 597.4 million</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>$ 461.2 million</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Annual Payroll:** The largest payrolls for Massachusetts Asian-owned firms are in the professional, scientific and technical services industry and in accommodation and food services (Table 6). Two-thirds of the payroll for all Asian-owned businesses is accounted for by firms in industries with the five largest payrolls (Table 6). The professional, scientific and technical services industry have the highest per employee wages among Asian-owned businesses by a significant margin (Table 6). Asian-owned health care and social assistance and manufacturing employment provide the next highest wages. Accommodation and food service businesses, on the other hand, have the lowest wages.

Table 5
Five Industries with the Most Paid Employees for Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent of total MA Asian-owned businesses</th>
<th>Percent of MA industry total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation and food Services</td>
<td>14,422</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional, scientific and technical services</td>
<td>5,936</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail trade</td>
<td>3,710</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health care and social assistance</td>
<td>2,402</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>1,693</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Paid Employees: Massachusetts Asian-owned businesses in the accommodation and food services industry generate the greatest number of paid employees (Table 5). About two out of five jobs provided by Asian-owned businesses are in this industry, and these jobs represent 6 percent of all jobs in accommodation and food services in the state (Table 5). The next highest number of paid employees is in the professional, scientific and technical services industry.
Dolores Tedesco  
Hair Delights, LLC

Dolores never thought she would be a business owner when she came from the Philippines as a mail order bride in 1983. “I took a big risk coming this way. We had been writing letters for two years but you never really know about someone. But we are still married after 27 years so it turned out okay”. Dolores came from a small, isolated village in the Philippines that was four to five hours away from a city. It was a limited way of life and Delores says she had nothing to look forward to and wanted to see the world. So, at age 27, she took the risk to immigrate to the United States. “It was hard to leave everything and everyone behind but I wanted to explore.”

Dolores always loved to cut hair and in the Philippines she did haircuts informally for family and friends. Here in the United States, she raised a son, now 20 years old, and worked in a factory. Her factory work was stitching emblems on shirts which was hard work and especially stressful on the hands. She felt the need to find another line of work. Drawing on her longtime interest in cutting hair, she attended cosmetology school and received her license five years ago.

Delores then began work at the salon that she now owns. The opportunity for ownership came up just four months ago when the former owner decided to sell off some of her three shops. Her husband handles the financial side of the business and helped her get a bank loan to buy the business.

Business isn’t booming yet but it is turning a small profit. Delores was able to keep only one out of the five former employees but may be able to hire when business picks up and fills the spacious shop. “Right now, I am content with what is going on. Customers are coming back and we are paying all bills. But I am hoping to get busier and make a bigger profit.” The salon does haircutting exclusively and Delores works side-by-side with her employee. They are staying with haircutting because there are many full service salons already in town. Patrons also appreciate the specialization in haircutting telling Delores that it is hard to find people with a talent for cutting.

The salon is open six days a week for ten hours each day except for Saturday when it closes at 5 PM. Delores works long hours but says she likes it. “I am a hard worker and when you enjoy your job, the work is not hard.”
Asian-Owned Firms in Massachusetts: Major Asian Ethnic Groups

In addition to examining Asian-owned businesses in total, important perspectives can be gained by looking at specific Asian ethnic groups within the diverse Asian American community. Data are available on six major Asian subgroups: Asian Indians, Chinese, Filipinos, Japanese, Koreans and Vietnamese. The remaining Asian groups are combined together with the designation “other Asian.” We include here information for these groups on number, sales and receipts, paid employees and annual payroll. Unfortunately, data on industry breakdowns are not available for specific Asian ethnic groups in Massachusetts.

Number

Of the over 18,000 Asian-owned firms in Massachusetts, Chinese own the largest number, 5,724, which represents about a third of all Asian-owned businesses in the state (Table 7). Asian Indians, 3,981, and Vietnamese, 3,505, follow the Chinese. Three-fourths of all Asian-owned businesses in the state are accounted for by these three groups.

The growth in the total number of Asian-owned firms discussed earlier is even more dramatic among certain specific Asian ethnic groups (Table 7 and Chart 4). Vietnamese-owned businesses, for example, have grown by 151 percent since 1997, outpacing all other Asian subgroups by a significant margin. All of the remaining Asian groups (with the exception of “other Asian”) have seen impressive increases in their number of businesses led by Filipinos and Indians with gains of over 60 percent and 50 percent respectively.

Sales and Receipts

While Chinese own the largest number of businesses in Massachusetts, Asian Indians lead all Asian ethnic groups in aggregate revenues (Table 8). These two groups combined account for over three-fourths of the total sales and receipts of Asian-owned businesses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asian group</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent of total MA Asian-owned businesses</th>
<th>Percent growth 1997-2002</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>3,981</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>5,724</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>796</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>868</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>1,445</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>3,505</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Asian</td>
<td>1,678</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 8
Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts by Asian Ethnic Group: Sales and Receipts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asian group</th>
<th>Amount ($1,000)</th>
<th>Percent of total MA Asian-owned businesses</th>
<th>Percent growth 1997-2002</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>$2.0 billion</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>$1.8 billion</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>$101.9 million</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>$125.9 million</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>$298.8 million</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>-43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>$321.3 million</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Asian</td>
<td>$365.5 million</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Vietnamese business revenues have seen a stunning nearly five-fold increase since 1997 (Table 8 and Chart 4). The significant 63 percent growth in Asian Indian business sales and receipts means that they have overtaken Chinese-owned firms whose revenues are essentially unchanged. Filipino and “other Asian” business sales and receipts also reflect substantial gains while sales and receipts for Japanese and Korean-owned firms have seen significant decreases.

Paid Employees and Annual Payroll

Of the over 37,000 paid employees of Asian-owned businesses, the largest number are in Chinese (16,859) and Asian Indian-owned (12,492) firms (Table 9). These two groups alone account for nearly 80 percent of all paid employees in Asian-owned firms.

The 19 percent growth of businesses in the “other Asian” category has been accompanied by a more than doubling of the number of paid employees in those firms (Table 7 and Chart 5). On the other hand, while there has been an increase in the number of Japanese and Korean-owned businesses, there have been steep declines in the number of paid employees in those firms.
Although Asian Indian-owned businesses constitute 22 percent of Asian-owned firms in Massachusetts, they account for one-half of the total annual payroll of all Massachusetts Asian-owned firms (Table 10). Chinese-owned businesses account for another third of the total. Well over 80 percent of employees paid by Asian-owned businesses are in firms owned by Asian Indians or Chinese.

Table 10
Asian-Owned Businesses in Massachusetts by Asian Ethnic Group: Annual Payroll

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asian group</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Percent of total MA Asian-owned businesses</th>
<th>Percent growth 1997-2002</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>$599.0 million</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>$408.8 million</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>$ 24 million</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>$ 27.3 million</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>-44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>$ 63.9 million</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>-44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>$ 22.0 million</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>na</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Asian</td>
<td>$ 67.2 million</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion

While still modest in terms of their share of Massachusetts firms and with regard to sales and receipts and employees as well, Asian-owned businesses in the Commonwealth are rising at an astounding rate. Their growth not only eclipses national growth of Asian-owned businesses but also the growth of all other businesses in the state. They are outpacing other state businesses in numbers, sales and receipts and number of paid employees. Asian-owned businesses are active in a wide range of industries but are frequently concentrated in the service sector ranging from professional levels to accommodations and food. They are a growing force in the state’s economy and need to be recognized and supported as vital economic contributors.
Jill Cheng
Publisher,
Cheng & Tsui Company, Inc.

“My friends thought I was out of my mind when I left a high paying job in a successful publishing company. But I wanted to do something meaningful, something that would bring cultures together and something that would utilize my international background.”

Jill Cheng had the good fortune of being exposed to the publishing world starting with a part-time job in college. “I grew up in Tokyo and came to college in the U.S. I was on scholarship but needed to earn more money. I didn’t have any experience in being a waitress which was the natural choice for struggling young people. What I did have was editing experience from high school.” So Jill applied for a part-time job with a small, local publisher and began her adventure in the publishing world.

“After I got my Master’s degree, I went to work full-time for the same firm. I was fascinated by the business side of publishing. The owner was wonderful to me, mentoring and supporting me in learning the business.” Jill ultimately became Executive Vice-President of the company earning a good salary. But there was a nagging sense that she needed to do something that had personal meaning for her. With her husband busy with his research, she used nights and weekends to develop ideas for a new business.

“I borrowed some seed money from my younger brother to put out my first catalogue of books in Chinese and Japanese that would be suitable for academic and library audiences. I had obtained high quality pieces of literature for my husband to read and thought others might enjoy these texts. And I actually got some nibbles! This began the opportunity that I was looking for: to bring Asia to the world.” Thus began Cheng & Tsui Company.

Publishing is a capital-intensive and risky business and Jill did not have high expectations of making a lot of money. “Money was never my goal anyway but bringing cultures together was and is very important to me. There were lots of years of not paying myself. It takes a long time to build the expertise, capital and talent to do a quality job. But we have grown steadily.” Today, Cheng & Tsui is a leading publisher and distributor of Asian language textbooks and educational materials about Asia. They publish in all areas including literature in translation, history, religion and culture. They have an especially strong presence in providing high-quality language textbooks for learning Chinese, Japanese, Indonesian and other Asian languages. The best-selling Integrated Chinese and Adventures in Japanese textbook series have been recognized internationally. Cheng & Tsui’s latest publication, “Startup Business Chinese: An Introductory Course for Professionals,” is likely to be a hit with U.S. business people as the West focuses on China.
Notes
References and Notes

1 In this report, Asian-owned businesses are defined as those with Asians owning 51 percent or more of the stock or equity of the business. Firms include individual proprietorships, partnerships or any type of corporation with receipts of $1,000 or more. Foreign-owned and non-profit firms are not included.

2 U.S. Census Data 2000 Summary File (SF-4) Sample Data.


6 Population figures for this calculation from U.S. Census Annual Resident Population Estimates April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2002.

7 Portions of this interview were taken from an article by Marcia Hohn that appeared in “Communities & Banking”, Vol. 16, No. 2, published by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston.
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Mr. Chris Tsaganis
Ms. Kathleen Tullberg
Ms. Yeva Veytsman
Mr. Hong T. Vuong
Dr. & Mrs. Amnon Wachman
Mr. & Mrs. Bob Wassall
Mr. Henley Webb
Mr. David C. Weinstein
Mr. & Mrs. James White
Mr. & Mrs. Mark J. White
Ms. Jacqueline Willett
Ms. Beth S. Witte
Mr. Mark R. Young
Ms. Clotilde Zannetos
Mr. & Mrs. Fred Zeytoonjian
Mrs. Lila Zimmerman
Mr. & Mrs. Stephen Zubricki, Jr.
Mr. & Mrs. Stephen Zubricki III
Erratum:

In Table 2 on page 5, “Sharon” should be replaced by “Revere”